

The Postsecondary Opportunity (PO) indicator examines how schools are preparing juniors and seniors for life after high school. This guide will go over three key elements: the score, the points and the letter grade. The score reflects the school's performance relative to a specific metric (e.g., % of students on track); whereas the points reflect the school's performance relative to the state-wide distribution, scaled to 10 points.

## **The Score**

The Postsecondary Opportunities Score represents the percentage of FAY students in grades 11 and 12 that successfully completed at least one eligible course. The score is calculated using this formula:

Total Students in grades 11 and 12 with 
$$\geq$$
 1 Opportunity

Total 11th and 12th Grade Students Enrolled

X 100 = Score

This calculation is displayed in the Accountability Reporting application in Single Sign-On, in the Postsecondary Opportunity tab under Reports - School Report Card.



Records used to calculate your Postsecondary Opportunity (PO) score were populated from the Student Coursework tab and were reviewed and verified during the PO Data Verification Review (DVR) window. Course records can be retrieved by clicking on the Numerator or Denominator.

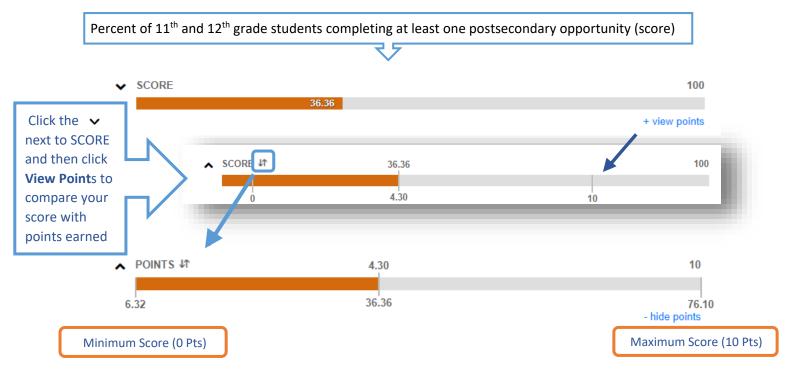
	Year	STN	First Name	Middle Name	Last Name	Credit Earned	Target	Points
						~		~
1	2023	2				3	1	1
2	2023					1	1	1
3	2023					2	1	1
4	2023					4	1	1
5	2023					3	1	1
6	2023					1	1	1
7	2023					4	1	1
8	2023					1	1	1

Students earn a point when they complete and pass at least one approved postsecondary opportunity course by earning a D or higher. Specific course codes approved for credit for the current Report Card can be found in the Postsecondary Opportunities Guidance linked here.



## **The Points**

The default display is the score for each subject as previously discussed.



By clicking the arrows next to "Score", the bar recalibrates to show relative performance across the state. Relative performance reflects the range used to index scores for the SY 2017-2018 Report Card. The minimum value corresponds to approximately the 2<sup>nd</sup> percentile and the maximum value corresponds to approximately the 98<sup>th</sup> percentile. The orange bar displays where the school's score (bottom) and points (top) earned are indexed based on their performance. Maximum and minimum values used for this indicator are shown below.

Model Type	Minimum PO Score (0 Pts)	Maximum PO Score (10 Pts)
High School	≤ 6.32	≥76.10



Postsecondary Opportunity Score to Points is calculated by examining the range between the minimum and maximum scores and comparing your score using the steps below:

**Step 1**: Find the overall range of scores by subtracting the Maximum Score (98<sup>th</sup> percentile) from the Minimum Score (2<sup>nd</sup> percentile)

**76.10** (Max PO Score) 
$$-$$
 **6.32** (Min PO Score)  $=$  **69.78** Overall Range of Scores

Step 2: Find where your score fits within the overall range

**Step 3:** Divide the value found in step 2 by the total range found in Step 1 to find the percentage of points earned

$$\frac{30.04 \text{ (Value from Step 2)}}{69.78 \text{ (Total Range)}} = 43.05\% \text{ (percent of points)}$$

**Step 4**: Multiply the percentage of points earned by the Maximum Points Possible

You letter grade is then determined by comparing the points earned to the point distribution shown in the rubric.

## **The Letter Grade**

The table below shows the cut scores based on Total POINTS earned, not the indicator score.

Post-Secondary Opportunities Indicator Letter Grade Rubric							
Grade	Low	High					
Α	8.89	10.00					
В	6.26	8.88					
С	3.87	6.25					
D	0.37	3.86					
F	0.00	0.36					

For more information on this indicator or other indicators in the Oklahoma School Report Card, please visit: <a href="https://sde.ok.gov/oklahoma-report-card-resources">https://sde.ok.gov/oklahoma-report-card-resources</a>